

## An Experimental Study of Pallet Recognition System Using Kinect Camera

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**Abstract.** This study propose a new pallet recognition system using Kinect camera. Depth image of Kinect camera is produced from the infrared ray data of random dot type. This system was applied to an automated guided vehicle(AGV) to recognize the pallet in various conditions. A modularized hardware and software of the pallet recognition system was developed. The performance of the developed pallet recognition system was tested through experiments under various environment, and it show good performance.

**Keywords:** Depth Image, Kinect camera, Pallet recognition System, Automated Guided vehicle(AGV), Unmanned Forklift

### 1 Introduction

The number and scope of logistics centers are showing an increasing trend along with recent advances in logistics industry. Moreover, work types are continuously varying in distribution centers, and the types of cargo volume and freight are also increasing. For those reasons, the introduction of logistics center automation system is crucial. The pallet recognition system (PRS) of automatic guided vehicle (AGV) is the core technology in automation system to keep pace with the rapid changes in the logistics centers, and related studies are in progress. The back projection-based pallet recognition system extracts pallet areas considering the fact that the shade of holes on the pallet surface is darker than that of other pallet areas and the standardized information of pallet, despite changes in color, illumination and background. However, creating the algorithms for this system is considerably more difficult and complex.[1] Recognition system using a laser rangefinder requires expensive instrumentation making its installation, management and maintenance more complex.[2] Stereo camera with the PRS is able to measure the pallet motion and position without precision calibration process, but unable to measure the pallet at a high position unless a special marking is given.[3]

This study was performed to develop a new pallet recognition system using the depth image of Kinect camera robust to changes in environment and noise to resolve

technical limitations of previous studies. The performance of the developed PRS was tested through experiments.

## **2 Composition of Pallet Recognition System**

This study proposes the PRS that operates based on depth image of Kinect camera and verifies recognition function with robust adaptation to different conditions and noise. Recognition system is integrated to achieve these goals. Depth image of Kinect camera realizes image by receiving numerous scattered or reflected radiations from the infrared ray data of random dot type. Short-distance is expressed in bright color and long-distance is expressed in dark color. The use of infrared ray data facilitates the system to recognize pallets under a wide range of environments. The study aims to realize depth image utilizing the characteristics of Kinect camera.

### **2.1 Hardware Development**

The pallet recognition system uses industrial embedded PC to efficiently transmit and receive depth image data and adequately process imagery information at the same time. Moreover, the system is modularized to be applicable to the actual industrial fields using high-speed SSD (solid state drive) to promptly receive and save imagery data.

### **2.2 Software Development**

User interface program is responsible for communication of recognized data including imagery transmission/reception, port designation, and setting of recognition parameters. This program is created to set up camera recognition screen and menus items for various parameter options in the upper part, and composed of recognition time shift, communication port, and other options for menu setting in the lower part. Thus, user can set up direct recognition and various parameter options. Home screen is designed to display a screen of pallet recognition and inform whether pallet is recognized or not for users to easily identify pallet recognition. Detailed options of user interface program comprises advanced menu items to process labeling, threshold, and calibration of images, set up data ports, and alter recognition time.

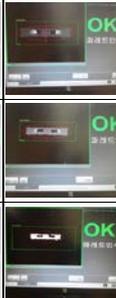
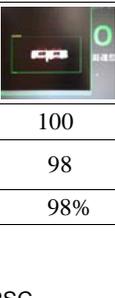
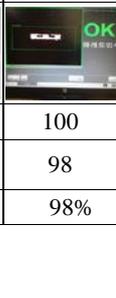
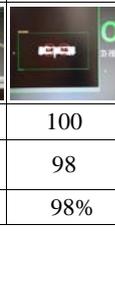
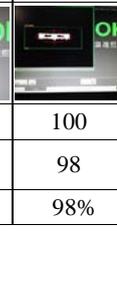
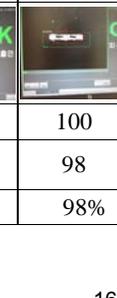
## **3 Test for Pallet Recognition**

This study developed the PRS to recognize the front side of a pallet using hardware system devised to utilize the depth image recognition characteristics of Kinect camera. When a forklift inserts the forks into a pallet loaded with freight, the pallet surface facing forklift carriage should be parallel to Kinect camera. Therefore, the test was performed in a state of Kinect camera and pallet facing each other.

### 3.1 Environment for Pallet Recognition Test

Installed on the unmanned forklift pallet recognition system based on the location of the camera, it looks much difference in recognition of the mounting position should be considered. The camera is attached to the forklift on top to obtain an error recognized by a shading of the hole can be attached to the bottom of the fork has a great influence on the angle of view of the camera and the recognition rate can not be seen. Therefore, the mounting position of the camera in this experiment is a fork carriage of the forklift unmanned, it assumes that the center of the mounting height of the camera location is similar by configuring such an environment was performed. Recognize the target pallet is selected as the Republic of Korea were examined by standard plastic pallet. Depth image distance range of the Kinect camera is recognized as a 0.8 ~ 3m, considering the length of the forks of the forklift unmanned when 1.5.m of free recognize the position of the camera in the distance, so should at least recognize the distance was selected as 1.5m. In addition, if the distance is very long, the Kinect camera recognition occurs because the decrease in the maximum recognition distance was limited to 2.5m. In addition, in a variety of environments to determine whether the perception of the general environment and in dimly lit environment, an environment in which the cargo is loaded repeatedly selected and tested.

**Table. 1.** Result of the experiment for recognition of pallet. If the pallet is recognized completely, user interface program show the sign “OK”.

		normal		darkness		Carrying freight	
		hole	pallet	hole	pallet	hole	pallet
Test environment							
Distance range	1.5m						
	2.0m						
	2.5m						
The number of try		100	100	100	100	100	100
The number of Success		98	98	98	98	98	98
accuracy		98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%

### 3.2 Result of the Test

Tests were carried out under normal, dark, and freight carrying environments at distances of 1.5m, 2.0m, and 2.5m by taking a range of recognition distance of Kinect camera into account. Test results are presented in the Table below. Recognition tests were divided into two recognition points of an entire pallet and pallet holes according to each distance and setting. The recognition rates drawn from the experiment were chosen based on the number of successes when a total of 100 attempts were made by checking accurate recognition of the pallet and pallet holes.

Table 1 shows the results of the experiment for recognition of pallet holes and pallet in normal, dark, and freight loaded settings according to distances. Since depth image is imagery information of infrared ray data, recognition rate achieved was 98% regardless of brightness of surrounding environment. The system was identified to be firmly adapted to different settings by exhibiting a recognition rate of 98% in freight carrying environment. In the experiment for pallet recognition, the system recognized the pallet by robustly adapting to varying environments like the results of pallet holes and pallet recognition.

## 4 Conclusion

This study proposes a new pallet recognition system using depth image of Kinect camera and the performance of the developed system was tested through experiments under various conditions. The PRS is designed to recognize pallets and robustly adapt to rapidly changing complex logistics centers. To apply the system to the actual industrial fields, the system was modularized using industrial embedded computer and user interface system was established for users to set up and control parameters themselves. Tests were performed under normal, dark, and freight loaded environments according to different distances of 1.5m, 2.0m and 2.5m, considering a range of recognition distance of Kinect camera. Recognition rate was 98% in both pallet and pallet holes recognition.

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